Accountants' Report and Financial Statements
June 30, 2010 and 2009



June 30, 2010 and 2009

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Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

The Commissioners of the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission (ANRC)

The Board of Directors of
Arkansas Development Finance Authority (ADFA)

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the Program) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Program's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in *Note 1*, the financial statements of the Program are intended to present the financial position, and the results of its operations and cash flows, where applicable, of only that portion of the business-type activities of the State of Arkansas (the State) that is attributable to the transactions of the Program. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Program as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and its changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Commissioners of the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission (ANRC)

The Board of Directors of Arkansas Development Finance Authority (ADFA) Page 2

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Program's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

/s/ **BKD**, LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas October 29, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010 and 2009

This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in the financial position of the Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the Program). Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the financial statements and notes as a whole, which follow this section of the report.

Discussion of Financial Statements

The June 30, 2010, basic financial statements include three required statements: The statement of net assets; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; and the statement of cash flows. Comparative totals as of and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, are also presented. Although not required, these comparative totals are intended to facilitate an enhanced understanding of the Program's financial position and results of operations for the current fiscal year in comparison to the prior fiscal years. Additional information, following the *Notes to Financial Statements*, includes the combining statement of net assets; the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; as well as the combining statement of cash flows. These combining statements detail the Revolving Loan Fund and the Fees and Expenses Fund, which comprise the Program.

Condensed Financial Information - Statements of Net Assets

(In thousands)

	2010	2009	2008
Total assets	\$ 334,619	\$ 329,412	\$ 328,661
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	8,041 51,360	7,920 59,193	7,309 67,522
Total liabilities	59,401	67,113	<u>74,831</u>
Total net assets – restricted for program requirements	\$ <u>275,218</u>	\$ <u>262,299</u>	\$ <u>253,830</u>

The Program's total assets of \$334.6 million at June 30, 2010, reflect increases of \$5.2 million from June 30, 2009 and \$751,000 from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2009. For the current year, the Program had an increase in loans receivable of \$14.1 million which is offset by declines in cash and cash equivalents of \$5.8 million and in investments of \$3.1 million. In the prior year, the Program had increases in cash and cash equivalents of \$13.4 million and in loans receivable of \$1.5 million, which were offset by a decline in investments of \$13.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2010 and 2009

The following table reports loan activity for each year (in thousands):

	2010	2010 2009				
Loan disbursements Loan repayments	\$ 35,471 21,412	\$ 19,019 <u>17,565</u>	\$ 23,091 14,825			
Net increase in loans receivable	\$ <u>14,059</u>	\$ <u>1,454</u>	\$ <u>8,266</u>			

The following table reflects the disbursement of funds to new and existing loan borrowers (in thousands):

	 2010	2009		2008		}	
New loans Loan disbursements - new loans	\$ 11,256 3,846	\$	27,600 3,804	\$	43,300 4,438		
Existing loans Loan disbursements - existing	77,855		63,255		21,805		
loans	31,625		15,215		18,653		

The Program is continually making loans from federal funds from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (Base); and state matching funds and revolving Program funds. In fiscal year 2010, the Program began using American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) federal funds and the Revolving Loan Fund 2009 A Refunding Issue (2009 Issue) principal prepayment funds to make new loans. The table below reflects the amounts used from each funding source for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 as follows (in thousands):

	2010 2009		2008
Federal			
Base	\$ 4,220	\$ 4,220	\$ 10,730
ARRA	3,746		_
State matching	879	879	2,235
2009 Issue Prepayment funds	1,940		
Revolving Program funds	24,686	13,920	10,126
	\$35,471	\$ <u>19,019</u>	\$23,091

The Program has utilized its cash within the Program as an additional funding source, essentially revolving the assets.

The federal fiscal year 2010 capitalization grant has been approved by the Environmental Protection Agency in the amount of \$13.3 million and will be available in October 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010 and 2009

The Program's total liabilities decreased to \$59.4 million at June 30, 2010, from \$67.1 million at June 30, 2009, and from \$74.8 million at June 30, 2008. The decrease is attributed to scheduled bond redemptions of \$7.2 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, for fiscal years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Program also refunded \$14.6 million 1999 Series A bonds with \$13.3 million 2009 Refunding Series A along with other available funds, which resulted in a decline of \$1.3 million in the bonds outstanding.

Condensed Financial Information – Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

(*In thousands*)

	2010	2009	2008
Total interest income Other income	\$ 6,386 2,693	\$ 6,669 2,555	\$ 8,002 3,141
Total operating revenues	9,079	9,224	11,143
Total interest on bonds and notes Total amortization expense Federal financial assistance Administrative expense	2,891 44 8,985 	3,405 114 	3,659 131 — 290
Total operating expenses	12,208	3,802	4,080
Operating (loss) income	(3,129)	5,422	7,063
Transfers out Base federal grants ARRA federal grants	(1,080) 4,397 12,731	(1,350) ————————————————————————————————————	(818) ———————————————————————————————————
Change in net assets	12,919	8,469	17,316
Net assets Beginning of year	262,299	253,830	236,514
End of year	\$ <u>275,218</u>	\$ <u>262,299</u>	\$ <u>253,830</u>

Total operating revenue has continuously decreased over the past three years. In the fiscal year 2010, operating revenue declined \$145,000 as compared with a decline of \$1.9 million in fiscal year 2009. During the current year, investment income declined \$240,000, which included arbitrage rebate expense of \$180,000. The interest rate environment and guaranteed investment contract terminations from fiscal year 2009 is still contributing to the decline in investment income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2010 and 2009

During fiscal year 2009, the Program had a decline of \$1.2 million in investment income due to the termination of certain guaranteed investment contracts (with an average interest rate of 6.7%) and lower interest received from money market mutual funds. The \$620,000 decrease in the net appreciation of investments was attributed to investments of the Revolving Loan Fund, which the Program expects to hold to maturity.

Base federal grants revenue was the same for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. As of June 30, 2010, the Program had expended all Base federal grants awarded. Information regarding when Base federal grant awards were expended for construction draws is as follows (in thousands):

				An	าoun	t Expended	i in	
Federal Award Year		ginning alance	F	Y2008	F	Y2009		FY2010
2006	ф	5 450	¢.	4.027	φ		Ф	
2006	\$	5,459	\$	4,037	\$		\$	
2007		6,693		6,693				
2008		4,220				4,220		
2009		4,220		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		4,220
			\$	10,730	\$	4,220	\$	4,220

The Program received ARRA federal funding of \$12.7 million. The funds were expended in the form of principal forgiveness and repayable loans as follows:

Type of Loans	Amount
Principal forgiveness loans Repayable loans	\$ 8,985 3,746
	\$ <u>12,731</u>

The Program continues to fund loans from other revenue sources including \$24.7 million from the Revolving Loan Fund.

Revenues from investments were \$537,000, \$777,000 and \$2.0 million for fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The average return on cash, cash equivalents and investments was 0.42%, 1.10% and 2.63% for years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The Program maintains liquidity to fund projects as needed. Higher cash and cash equivalent balances were maintained during the current and prior years as the Program evaluated liquidity needs and investment options in the current economic climate.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010 and 2009

Operating expenses and transfers out increased by \$8.1 million during 2010 and \$254,000 during 2009. In fiscal year 2010, the Program expensed \$9.0 million in principal forgiveness loans funded by the ARRA federal funds, which is offset by a decrease in bond interest expense of \$514,000 and transfers out of \$270,000. In fiscal year 2009, the decline was primarily attributable to the increase in transfers out of \$532,000, which is offset by a decline in bond interest expense of \$254,000. Program administration expenses totaled \$288,000, \$283,000 and \$290,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These expenses included amounts paid for audit expense, trustee fees and the administrative fee to the Arkansas Development Finance Authority (ADFA). The transfers out of \$1.1 million, \$1.4 million and \$818,000 during 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, represented the administrative funds paid to the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission (ANRC) for administrating the Program. The funding source for the administrative fee is 4% of the EPA capitalization grant along with funds from the Fees and Expenses Fund.

The net assets of the Program increased \$21.4 million in the past two years. The bond resolutions and the Program restrict all of the net assets.

The overall financial position and results of operations of the Program have improved.

Contact Regarding the Program

This financial report is designed to provide bondholders, constituents and business partners with a general overview of the Program's finances and to show the Program's accountability for the funds it administers. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the ADFA Vice President for Finance and Administration by telephoning 501.682.5900 or by contacting the ANRC Water Development Division Chief at 501.682.1611.

Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

In thousands)	2010			2009		
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,535	\$	65,368		
Accrued interest receivable	·	,	·	,		
Investments		70		28		
Loans		388		316		
Accounts receivable						
Borrowers		186		129		
Investments – current portion		17,054		26,162		
Total current assets		77,233		92,003		
Noncurrent Assets						
Investments – restricted		10,863		4,823		
Loans receivable – restricted						
Construction		245,903		231,806		
Wetlands mitigation		184		222		
Other assets		436		558		
Total noncurrent assets		257,386		237,409		
Total assets		334,619		329,412		
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		271		457		
Accrued interest payable		225		253		
Bonds payable – current portion		7,545		7,210		
Total current liabilities		8,041		7,920		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Deferred fees		792		1,014		
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premiums (discounts)		50,568		58,179		
Total noncurrent liabilities		51,360		59,193		
Total liabilities		59,401		67,113		
Net Assets						
Restricted for program requirements	\$	275,218	\$	262,299		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)	ousands) 2010		2009		
Operating Revenues					
Interest on investments	\$	537	\$	777	
Interest on loans		5,849		5,892	
Financing fees		2,528		2,399	
Net appreciation of investments		161		153	
Other		4		3	
Total operating revenues		9,079		9,224	
Operating Expenses					
Program administration		288		283	
Federal financial assistance		8,985		_	
Bond interest		2,891		3,405	
Amortization of bond issuance costs		110		101	
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		<u>(66</u>)		13	
Total operating expenses		12,208		3,802	
Operating (Loss) Income		(3,129)		5,422	
Nonoperating Revenue					
Federal grants		4,397		4,397	
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act federal grants		12,731			
Total nonoperating revenue		17,128		4,397	
Income Before Transfers Out		13,999		9,819	
Transfers Out, Net		(1,080)		(1,350)	
Change in Net Assets		12,919		8,469	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		262,299		253,830	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	275,218	\$	262,299	

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)	2010		2009		
Operating Activities					
Interest received on investments	\$	314	\$ 1,225		
Interest received on loans		5,776	5,958		
Financing fee income received		2,248	2,183		
Loan disbursements		(35,471)	(19,019)		
Principal repayments on loans		21,412	17,565		
Cash paid for interest		(2,919)	(3,443)		
Cash paid for arbitrage rebate			(167)		
Federal grant funds expended		(8,985)	_		
Cash paid for program administration		<u>(276</u>)	 (361)		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(17,901)	 3,941		
Noncapital Financing Activities					
Repayment of long-term debt		(7,210)	(21,125)		
Proceeds from bond issuance		_	13,856		
Cash paid for cost of issuance of long-term debt			(206)		
Transfers out		(1,080)	(1,350)		
Nonoperating grants received		17,128	 4,397		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing					
activities	_	8,838	 (4,428)		
Investing Activities					
Proceeds from maturities of investments		38,425	41,181		
Purchase of investments		(35,195)	 (27,277)		
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,230	 13,904		
(Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(5,833)	13,417		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		65,368	 51,951		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	59,535	\$ 65,368		

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)	2010			2009	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by					
(Used In) Operating Activities					
Operating (loss) income	\$	(3,129)	\$	5,422	
Items not requiring (providing) operating activities cash flows					
Amortization of bond issuance costs		110		101	
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		(66)		13	
Amortization of deferred financing fees		(222)		(239)	
Net appreciation of investments		(161)		(153)	
Changes in					
Accrued interest receivable					
Investments		(42)		223	
Loans		(72)		66	
Accounts receivable – borrowers		(57)		25	
Loans receivable		(14,059)		(1,454)	
Accounts payable		(186)		(36)	
Accrued interest payable		(28)		(38)	
Other assets		11	_	11	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(17,901)	\$	3,941	

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010 and 2009

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

The State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the Program), an enterprise fund of the State of Arkansas, was created pursuant to the 1987 Amendments (P.L.100-4) to the "Clean Water Act" (P.L.92-500) to provide a perpetual fund for financing the construction of wastewater treatment facilities for municipalities and other public entities. The Program is to be capitalized with federal grants from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (Base) and state matching funds on a ratio of five federal dollars to one state dollar.

As of July 2001, Arkansas Natural Resources Commission (ANRC), formerly known as Arkansas Soil and Water Conservation Commission, became the lead agency for the Program (previously led by Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality). As lead agency, ANRC is responsible for performing technical project reviews, monitoring construction, and coordinating the total management of the Program. Act 1243 of 2006 authorized the name change to ANRC, which has not had an impact on the Program. Arkansas Development Finance Authority (ADFA) serves as financial manager for the Program under an interagency agreement. ADFA is responsible for investing and disbursing funds as authorized by the lead agency, servicing loans, preparing and submitting monthly financial reports and annual financial statements, and procuring audit services. ADFA is reimbursed for Program administration costs through a calculation based on loans outstanding in accordance with the interagency agreement. The amounts incurred to ADFA for administration costs for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, were \$209,000 and \$203,000, respectively.

The Arkansas Agriculture Water Quality Loan Program (AAWQLP) is accounted for within the Program. Under the AAWQLP, ANRC establishes noninterest bearing cash accounts with financial institutions. In fiscal year 2007, an agreement was established with AgriBank in which AAWQLP would purchase a noninterest bearing bond in conjunction with loans made by Agribank under the AAWQLP guidelines. Loans are originated by the financial institution or Agribank to the farmers or property owners that provide for the installation of water quality, anti-pollution equipment. Interest income normally earned on these balances at the financial institutions or on the bond is used to reduce the interest rates applicable to the loans obtained by the farmers or other property owners. ANRC has established a Program contribution limit to AAWQLP in the amount of \$25 million. As of June 30, 2010 and 2009, the AAWQLP had \$23.6 million in deposits and investments with various financial institutions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change relate to the determination of fair values of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Program is accounted for as an enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes and utilizes the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items in the Program's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Program has elected not to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Program considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, cash equivalents of \$59.5 million and \$65.4 million, respectively, consisted primarily of money market mutual funds with variable interest rates.

Included in cash equivalents on the Program's statement of net assets is the Fees and Expenses Fund with a balance of approximately \$6.8 million and \$9.5 million at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. This fund contains fees charged on loans of the Program, as allowed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). These funds may be used at the discretion of ANRC to fund expenses of the Program.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Bond Issuance Costs and Discounts and Premiums

Costs related to issuing bonds and discounts and premiums on sales of bonds are capitalized and are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Early retirement of bonds results in the acceleration of amortization of bond issuance costs and discounts and premiums.

Financing Fees

The Program receives monthly financing fees from borrowers. Prior to 2000, the Program charged closing fees that were deferred and are currently being amortized into income ratably over the terms of the bonds outstanding.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Net Assets Restricted by Bond Resolution and Program Requirements

Net assets restricted by bond resolution and program requirements represent funds restricted due to the specific provisions of the Program.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the State of Arkansas, the Program is exempt from income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2009 financial statements to conform to the 2010 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in net assets.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Program's deposits may not be returned to it. The Program's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law and bond indentures. Deposits are collateralized for those amounts exceeding federal depository insurance, typically with obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or municipal bonds having an aggregate market value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, \$6.2 million and \$9.0 million of the Program's deposits (and carrying value) of \$14.1 million and \$15.3 million were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

(In thousands)	 2010	 2009
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging financial institution trust department or agent in the Program's		
name	\$ 6,215	\$ 8,981

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Investments

Arkansas statutes and the Program's General Resolution authorizes the Program to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. government; obligations on which the principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or are fully secured, insured, or covered by commitments or agreements to purchase by the U.S. government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities created by act of the United States Congress and authorized thereby to issue securities or evidence of indebtedness, regardless of guarantee of repayment by the U.S. government; obligations of political subdivisions of the United States; certain obligations issued by the State Board of Education; short-term warrants of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas and municipalities; the sale of federal funds with a maturity of not more than one business day; demand, savings or time deposits fully insured by a federal deposit insurance agency; repurchase agreements that are fully insured by obligations of the U.S. government, any U.S. state or any political subdivision thereof; securities of, or other interest in, any open-end type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and which is considered a money market fund, provided that the portfolio is limited principally to U.S. government obligations and the investment company or trust takes delivery of collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; guaranteed investment contracts; and bank certificates of deposit.

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Program had the following investments and maturities:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2010											
					ı	Maturities	in	in Years				
				Less						More		
Туре	Fai	ir Value		than 1		1-5		6-10	tŀ	nan 10		
U.S. Treasury												
obligations	\$	2,789	\$		\$	2,789	\$	_	\$			
U.S. agencies obligations		23,032		17,054		4,026		1,952				
Money market mutual funds		45,394		45,394								
Guaranteed investment contracts		2,096	_	<u> </u>	_	2,096	_					
	\$	73,311	\$_	62,448	\$_	8,911	\$	1,952	\$	0		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)	June 30, 2009										
						Maturities	in	Years			
				Less						More	
Туре	Fai	r Value		than 1		1-5		6-10	th	an 10	
U.S. Treasury											
obligations	\$	5,601	\$	2,875	\$	2,726	\$		\$		
U.S. agencies											
obligations		23,288		23,288		_		_			
Money market											
mutual funds		50,035		50,035		_		_			
Guaranteed investment											
contracts		2,097	_		_	531	_	1,566	_		
	\$	81,021	\$	76,198	\$	3,257	\$	1,566	\$	0	

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses due to rising interest rates, the Program's investments typically match the term of the corresponding bonds or limits the maturity to expected cash flow needs of the Program.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Program's investments in U. S. agencies obligations not directly guaranteed by the U. S. government were rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and its investments in money market mutual funds or investments of those funds were rated "AAAm" or "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Program will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Program's investment in mutual funds and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by custodial credit risk category as they are not evidenced by securities in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Program places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Investments of the Program (not guaranteed by the U.S. government or considered mutual funds) representing 5% or more of total investments are as follows (in thousands):

Issuer	Fair \	/alue	Percentage		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	10,281	14%		
Federal Home Loan Bank Mortgage Corporation		9,025	12%		
Federal Home Loan Bank		3,725	5%		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments are included in the statements of net assets as follows:

(In thousands)		2010		2009
Carrying value Deposits Investments	\$	14,141 73,311	\$	15,332 81,021
	\$	87,452	\$	96,353
Included in the following statement of net assets captions	ф	50.525	ф	c5 2c0
Cash and cash equivalents Investments – current portion Investments – restricted	\$	59,535 17,054 10,863	\$ 	65,368 26,162 4,823
	\$	87,452	\$	96,353

Note 3: Loans Receivable

The Program originates loans with Arkansas municipalities, sewer improvement districts, and water facilities boards for financing the construction of wastewater treatment facilities. The loans are payable in semi-annual installments. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, such loans had a carrying value of approximately \$246.0 million and \$232.0 million, respectively, of which approximately \$60.1 million and \$38.2 million, respectively, are for projects still under construction. The loans bear interest ranging from 0.0% to 4.0%, and are collateralized by special assessments, by user charges, or by sales and use tax bonds issued by the municipalities, sewer improvement districts and water facilities board.

In fiscal year 2010, the Program began funding loans with American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) federal funds. As of June 30, 2010, the Program had funded \$3.7 million in ARRA loans.

Through the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, \$452.2 million and \$441.0 million, respectively, in cumulative loans had been approved for funding. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, \$26.8 million and \$51.1 million, respectively, remained encumbered and awaiting disbursement to loan recipients.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Note 4: Bonds Payable

Bonds payable were as follows at June 30:

(In thousands)	Interest Rate	Final Maturity			
Series	Range	Dates	2010		2009
2001-A					
Serial	4.10% - 5.50%	12/1/2017	\$ 11,33	5 \$	13,920
Term 1	5.50%	12/1/2013	3,17	0	3,170
Term 2	5.50%	12/1/2014	3,36	0	3,360
Term 3	5.50%	12/1/2015	4,84	0	4,840
Term 4	5.50%	12/1/2018	1,75	0	1,750
Term 5	5.50%	12/1/2019	1,34	5	1,345
2004-A					
Serial	3.13% - 5.00%	6/1/2015	11,40	0	14,805
Term 1	5.00%	12/1/2012	3,43	5	3,435
Term 2	5.00%	12/1/2013	3,29	0	3,290
Term 3	5.00%	12/1/2014	1,92	5	1,925
2009-A					
Serial	2.50%-4.00%	6/1/2018	12,06	0	13,280
			57,91		65,120
	Unamortized disc	ounts and	,		,
	premiums		20	3	269
			\$ 58,11	3 \$	65,389

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Activity in bonds payable for 2010 was as follows:

(In thousands)		eginning Salance	Ado	ditions	Red	ductions	Ending Balance	wit	ount Due hin One Year
2001-A 2004-A 2009-A	\$	28,385 23,455 13,280	\$	_ 	\$	(2,585) (3,405) (1,220)	\$ 25,800 20,050 12,060	\$	2,725 3,530 1,290
Total bonds payable	\$ <u></u>	65,120	\$	0	\$	(7,210)	\$ <u>57,910</u>	\$	7,545

The principal amount shown above differs from the amount on the statement of net assets due to unamortized discounts and premiums of approximately \$203,000.

Activity in bonds payable for 2009 was as follows:

(In thousands)		ginning alance	Ac	dditions	Re	ductions		inding alance	wit	ount Due hin One Year
1999-A	\$	15,415	\$		\$	(15,415)	\$		\$	
2001-A	Ψ	30,835	Ψ		Ψ	(2,450)	4	28,385	Ψ	2,585
2004-A		26,715				(3,260)		23,455		3,405
2009-A				13,280				13,280		1,220
Total bonds payable	\$	72,965	\$	13,280	\$	(21,125)	\$	65,120	\$	7,210

The principal amount shown above differs from the amount on the statement of net assets due to unamortized discounts and premiums of approximately \$269,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

(In thousands)	Pr	incipal		Interest		
Fiscal Year ending June 30,						
2011	\$	7,545	\$	2,642		
2012		7,645		2,323		
2013		7,845		1,951		
2014		7,900		1,568		
2015		11,565		1,221		
2016-2020		15,410		1,428		
		57,910		11,133		
Unamortized discounts and premiums		203	_	<u> </u>		
	\$	58,113	\$_	11,133		

During the fiscal year 2009, ADFA issued \$13.3 million in 2009 Series A Refunding bonds for the benefit of the Program. The proceeds of the bonds, along with other available funds, were used to current refund all outstanding 1999 Series A bonds on June 10, 2009, and to pay underwriters compensation and other costs of issuance. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$2.1 million to the Program.

Note 5: Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Economic Dependency

The Program has been economically dependent upon revenue from EPA. The impact of the revenue varies from year to year, and, for the year ended June 30, 2010, the Program received 65% of total revenue in the form of federal grants. This is an increase from prior year's percentage of 32%, primarily due to the Program receiving ARRA grant funds totaling \$12.7 million. As of June 30, 2010, all of the Base federal revenue available had been disbursed to the Program.

The Program recognizes that the goal of the ARRA grants is to expeditiously fund eligible projects that simultaneously will create jobs, promote economic recovery, and generate long term benefits from infrastructure investment. The ARRA guidelines require that not less than 50% of assistance provided be additional subsidies in the form of principal forgiveness loans. ARRA also requires that, to the extent there are sufficient eligible project applications, not less than 20% of the funds be used for a Green Project Reserve. Projects must be one of the following: water or energy efficient, green infrastructure, or other environmentally innovative activities. The Program has \$12.9 million in ARRA federal revenue to be disbursed in future fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010 and 2009

Contingencies

The Program is capitalized by state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Program has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required, and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the management of the Program, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such a contingency.

In conjunction with the issuance of tax-exempt bonds, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 establishes rules and regulations for arbitrage rebates. The Program has made provisions for revenues above the rebate limit, which must be remitted to the Federal Government.



Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

In thousands)	Revolving Loan Fund	Fees and Expenses	Total
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,753	\$ 6,782	\$ 59,535
Accrued interest receivable			
Investments	53	17	70
Loans	388	_	388
Accounts receivable			
Borrowers	_	186	186
Investment – current portion	<u>17,054</u>		17,054
Total current assets	70,248	6,985	77,233
Noncurrent Assets			
Investments – restricted	7,838	3,025	10,863
Loans receivable – restricted			
Construction	245,903	_	245,903
Wetlands mitigation	184	_	184
Other assets	436		436
Total noncurrent assets	254,361	3,025	257,386
Total assets	324,609	10,010	334,619
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	63	208	271
Accrued interest payable	225	_	225
Bonds payable – current portion	7,545		7,545
Total current liabilities	7,833	208	8,041
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deferred fees	26	766	792
Bonds payable, net of unamortized			
premiums (discounts)	50,568		50,568
Total noncurrent liabilities	50,594	766	51,360
Total liabilities	58,427	974	59,401
Net Assets			
Restricted for program requirements	\$ <u>266,182</u>	\$9,036	\$ <u>275,218</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)	olving n Fund	es and enses	Total		
Operating Revenues					
Interest on investments	\$ 460	\$ 77	\$	537	
Interest on loans	5,849			5,849	
Financing fees	18	2,510		2,528	
Net appreciation of investments					
	136	25		161	
Other	 4	 		4	
Total operating revenues	 6,467	 2,612		9,079	
Operating Expenses					
Program administration	10	278		288	
Federal financial assistance	8,985			8,985	
Bond interest	2,891			2,891	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	110			110	
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums	 (66)	 		(66)	
Total operating expenses	 11,930	 278		12,208	
Operating (Loss) Income	 (5,463)	 2,334		(3,129)	
Nonoperating Revenue					
Federal grants	4,220	177		4,397	
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act					
federal grants	 12,731	 		12,731	
Total nonoperating revenue	 16,951	 177		17,128	
Income Before Transfers In (Out)	11,488	2,511		13,999	
Transfers In (Out)	 880	 (1,960)		(1,080)	
Change in Net Assets	12,368	551		12,919	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	 253,814	 8,485		262,299	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 266,182	\$ 9,036	\$	275,218	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2010

n thousands)	olving n Fund		s and enses	Total		
Operating Activities						
Interest received on investments	\$ 254	\$	60	\$	314	
Interest received on loans	5,776				5,776	
Financing fee income received	_		2,248		2,248	
Loan disbursements	(35,471)		_		(35,471)	
Principal repayments on loans	21,412				21,412	
Cash paid for interest	(2,919)				(2,919)	
Federal grant funds expended	(8,985)				(8,985)	
Cash paid for program administration	 (4)		(272)		(276)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	 (19,937)		2,036		(17,901)	
Noncapital Financing Activities						
Repayment of long-term debt	(7,210)				(7,210)	
Transfers in (out)	880		(1,960)		(1,080)	
Nonoperating grants received	 16,951		177		17,128	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	 10,621		(1,783)		8,838	
Investing Activities						
Proceeds from maturities of investments	33,425		5,000		38,425	
Purchase of investments	 (27,195)		(8,000)		(35,195)	
Net cash provided by (used in)						
investing activities	 6,230		(3,000)		3,230	
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,086)		(2,747)		(5,833)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 55,839		9,529		65,368	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 52,753	\$ <u></u>	6,782	\$	59,535	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

(In thousands)		Revolving Loan Fund		Fees and Expenses		Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net							
Cash Provided By Operating Activities							
Operating (loss) income	\$	(5,463)	\$	2,334	\$	(3,129)	
Items not requiring (providing) operating activities cash flows							
Amortization of bond issuance costs		110		_		110	
Amortization of bond discounts and							
premiums		(66)		_		(66)	
Amortization of deferred financing fees		(19)		(203)		(222)	
Net (appreciation) depreciation of							
investments		(136)		(25)		(161)	
Changes in							
Accrued interest receivable							
Investments		(24)		(18)		(42)	
Loans		(72)		_		(72)	
Accounts receivable – borrowers				(57)		(57)	
Loans receivable		(14,059)		_		(14,059)	
Accounts payable		(191)		5		(186)	
Accrued interest payable		(28)		_		(28)	
Other assets		11				11	
Net cash (used in) provided by							
operating activities	\$	(19,937)	\$	2,036	\$	(17,901)	